

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2
Spelling	 Spell cvc , ccvc, cvcc words using set 1 and 2 sounds. (cat, shop, sink) Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letters with phonetical plausibility. Spell tricky red words in relation to the synthetic phonics programme. 	Spell common exception words. You can find the list here https://cdn.oxfordowl.co.uk/2019/08/29/13/48/38/98b01b1e- 5cd2-47f6-a592-	Segment spoken words into phonemes and represent these by graphemes, spelling many correctly. Learn new ways of spelling phonemes for which 1 or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones. Learn to spell common exception words distinguish between homophones and near-homophones. You can find the year 2 list here https://cdn.oxfordowl.co.uk/2019/08/29/13/50/37/10bf76a2- c1dd-42e6-88af- 0686acd91609/CommonExceptionWords Y2.pdf Learn the possessive apostrophe (singular). Learn to spell more words with contracted forms. Add suffixes to spell longer words, including -ment, - ness, - ful, -less, -ly. Show awareness of silent letters in spelling e.g. knight, write. Use -le ending as the most common spelling for this sound at the end of words. Apply spelling rules and guidelines taught.



Writing, Handwriting and Spelling

Key Vocabulary	Sounds Letters Phonetic Red words Phonics	Sounds Letters Phonemes Phonetically plausible Red words Phonics Alphabet Order Prefix Suffix	Sounds Letters phonemes Phonetically plausible Red words Phonics Alphabet Order Prefix Suffix Graphemes Common exception words Homophones Possessive apostrophe Silent letters
Transcription	Write a dictated sentence in line with the phonics taught building in length e.g. a cat, it is a cat, it is a big cat, it is a big black cat on a mat.	Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far.	Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far.
Key Vocabulary	Dictated Phonics	Dictated Phonics Common exception words	Dictated Phonics Common exception words Punctuation



Contexts for	Write their names.	Write narratives about personal experiences and those	Write narratives about personal experiences and those of others		
		of others (real and fictional).	(real and fictional).		
writing	Write labels.				
		Write about real events.	Write about real events.		
	Write captions.				
	-	Write poetry.	Write poetry.		
	Write lists.				
		Write for different purposes:	Recognise the difference between formal and informal writing.		
	Write narratives.	Letter			
		Instructions	Write for different purposes:		
	Write in response to a range of	Fact file	Letter,		
	stimuli.	Questions	List,		
		Retelling stories	Instructions,		
	Write descriptions.	Creating your own story, traditional tales	News articles		
		creating your own story, traditional tales	Fact file		
			Questions		
			Retelling stories		
			Creating your own story, traditional tales		
Кеу	Labels	Labels	Labels		
	Captions	Captions	Captions		
Vocabulary	Lists	Lists	Lists		
	Narratives	Narratives	Narratives		
	Descriptions	Descriptions	Descriptions		
		Real events	Real events		
		Poetry	Poetry		
		Fact	Fact		
		fiction	Fiction		
			Formal		
			Informal		



St John's C of E Infant School Knowledge, skills and vocabulary Progression Map Writing, Handwriting and Spelling

writing, nandwriting and Spennig				
Handwriting	Develop their fine motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and	Sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly.	Form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one	
	confidently.	Begin to form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another.	another, are best left singular.	
	Use their core muscle strength		Write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and	
	to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the	Securely form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place	relationship to one another and to lower-case letters.	
	floor.	including ascenders and descenders.	Form letters with ascenders and descenders.	
	Write with their dominant hand using a tripod grip.	Form capital letters.	Use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters.	
	- I I II I	Form digits 0-9.		
	Form lower case and capital letters most of which are	Understand which letters belong to which handwriting		
	formed correctly.	'families' and to practise these.		
		Produce recognisable letters and words to convey		
		meaning another person can read writing with some mediation.		



Writing, Handwriting and Spelling

Кеу	Motor skills	Motor skills	Motor skills
Vocabulary	Posture	Posture	Posture
vocabulary	Lower case	Lower case	Lower case
	Capital letters	Capital letters	Capital letters
	Formation	Formation	Formation
		Relative	Relative
		Ascenders	Ascenders
		Descenders	Descenders
		Digits	Digits
		Handwriting families	Handwriting families
			Spacing
			Diagonal
			Horizontal
			Join



St John's C of E Infant School Knowledge, skills and vocabulary Progression Map **Writing, Handwriting and Spelling**

writing, Handwriting and Spennig					
Grammar a	nd Use finger spacing.	Leave spaces between words.	Use expanded noun phrases to describe and specify.		
Punctuatio	n Demarcate the end of a sentence with a full stop.	Join words and joining clauses using "and".	Use sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command use subordination (using when, if, that, or because) use apostrophes for omission & singular possession. Use the present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form. Use extended simple sentences e.g. including adverbs and adjectives to add interest. Use some features of written Standard English. Learn how to use selected grammar for Year 2. Use and understand grammatical terminology when discussing writing.		
	Begin a sentence with a capital letter.	Use familiar adjectives to add detail. Use regular plural noun suffixes (-s, -es)			
		Use verb suffixes where root word is unchanged (ing, - ed, -er). Use the un- prefix to change meaning of			
		adjectives/adverbs. Combine words to make sentences, including using and.			
		Sequence sentences to form short narratives.			
		Separate words with spaces use sentence demarcation (. ! ?).			
		Use capital letters for names and pronoun 'I')			
		Begin to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark.			
		Use a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun 'I'.			
Key Vocabulary	Spacing Full stop Capital letter	Spacing Full stop Capital letter Adjectives	Spacing Full stop Capital letter Adjectives	Subordination Commas Statement Question	



Writing, Handwriting and Spelling

		Clauses	Clauses	exclamation
		Prefix	Prefix	command
		Suffix	Suffix	Present tense
		Demarcation	Demarcation	Past tense
		Pronoun	Pronoun	Apostrophes
		Punctuate	Punctuation	
			List	
Planning and	Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed	Say out loud what they are going to write about.	Write down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary.	
Editing	sentences.	Compose a sentence orally before writing it.	Plan what they want to say, sentence by sentence.	
	Describe events in some detail.	Orally sequence sentences to form short narratives.	 Evaluate their writing with the teacher and other pupils. Re-read to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs is the continuous form. Proofread to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation 	
	Read sentences aloud to check for sense.	Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense.		
		Discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils.		
Кеу	Describe	Describe	Describe	Plan
	Detail	Detail	Detail	Vocabulary
Vocabulary	Read	Read	Read	Proof read
		Say	Say	Evaluate
		Compose	Compose	Grammar
		Sequence	Sequence	Verbs
		Narratives	Narratives	
		Re-read	Re-read	